



1- **Write** a sentence with the modal verb SHOULD.

2- **Write** FOUR sentences with things that teenagers love to do.

4- **Match** each answer.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1- I must do my homework. | () habilidade |
| 2- You should study hard. | () obrigação |
| 3- I can swimming | () conselho |
| 4- I would like to drink a glass of juice. | () solicitação |

a) 1, 2, 3, 4

b) 2, 4, 3, 1

c) 4, 2, 2, 1

d) 3, 1, 2, 4

e) 2, 4, 3, 1

5- **The frase** "You mustn't take medicine" means:

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| a) uma ordem. | d) uma proibição |
| b) uma obrigação. | e) uma certeza |
| c) uma advertência. | |

6- **Mark** the correct sentence to form the Tag question.

- a) Ann catches the bus, does she?
- b) Paul don't eat meat, do he?
- c) Sally won't be back, is she?
- d) David and kate aren't coming to the party, they are?
- e) Jack didn't leave early, is he?

7- **Complete** the sentence to form the Tag question.

"You won't be late, _____?"

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) you will? | d) will you? |
| b) is will? | e) is you? |
| c) are you? | |

8- He'll buy _____ juice for his friend. She's thirsty.

- a) Some b) Any c) No

9- _____ body can do that. It's very easy.

- a) Some
- b) Any
- c) No

10- **Choose** the right modal verb.

"She looks tired; she _____ take some days off.

- | | | |
|--------------|----------|-----------|
| a) shouldn't | c) might | e) musn't |
| b) should | d) must | |



COLÉGIO DE APLICAÇÃO DOM HÉLDER CÂMARA

EXERCÍCIO COMPLEMENTAR

I

DISCIPLINA: INGLÊS

PROFESSOR(A): _____

ALUNO(A): _____

SÉRIE: 9º ANO



1º TRIMESTRE - DATA PARA ENTREGA: ____ / ____ / ____

1- Choose the correct alternative.

- I – She’s the girl who sings and dances very well.
II – The flowers which my boyfriend gave me are wonderful.
III – I can’t find the keys who were on the table.

- a) Only statement I is correct.
b) Only statement II is correct.
c) Statements I and II are correct.
d) Statements II and III are correct.
e) None of the above.

2- Complete the sentences with the correct relative pronoun.

- a) That is the artist _____ sculptures are very famous.
b) This is the program _____ informs you about the weather.
c) That is the trainer _____ gives me a fitness program.
d) I have a neighbor _____ sister is working on the “Genome Project”.

3- Which is the wrong answer to ‘Whose bag is this?’:

- a. It’s my bag.
b. It’s mine.
c. This is my bag.
d. This bag is my.
e. This is hers.

4- Mark the **incorrect** sentence.

- a) The person who phoned me last night is my teacher.
b) The car which hit me was red.
c) The student whose phone just rang should stand up.
d) The police are looking for the car which driver was masked.
e) The person that I phoned last night is my teacher.

5- _____ lion is _____ biggest animal in _____ circus.

- a) The – the - ...
b) That – a - ...
c) This – the – the
d) A – a – the
e) A – an – a

6- (FAC.DIR.-PR.) Smith, _____ man you met yesterday is _____ honest man.

- a) the – the
b) the – an
c) an – the
d) a – a
e) the - a

7- The book _____ I was reading yesterday was a detective story.

- a) whose
- b) what
- c) whom
- d) who
- e) which

8- Escolha a opção que melhor completa as frases abaixo:

He left his job but he has _____ found another. Mr. Green has _____ left his office. I'm expecting him but he hasn't turned up _____.

- a) yet – already – yet
- b) already – just – yet
- c) already – yet – already
- d) yet – just – already
- e) already – yet – yet

9- Marque a opção que completa a frase "I _____ my key yesterday, so I couldn't get into the house. Eventually, I found it in my jacket pocket."

- a) have found
- b) have
- c) lost
- d) lose
- e) have lose

10- Present perfect is a tense used to express:

- a) future events in the present.
- b) past events still related to the present.
- c) really old events not related to the present.
- d) future or past events, depending on the intention.
- e) present actions in continuous tense



COLÉGIO DE APLICAÇÃO DOM HÉLDER CÂMARA

EXERCÍCIO COMPLEMENTAR

DISCIPLINA: INGLÊS III

PROFESSOR(A): _____

ALUNO(A): _____

3º TRIMESTRE - DATA PARA ENTREGA: ____ / ____ / ____



SÉRIE: 9º ANO

1- **Write** the correct answer about **CONDITIONAL SENTENCE**.

You won't pass in the course if you _____.



2- (PUC-RIO) **In the sentence** "If you wrote about the international banking systems for bankers, your language and information would be more technical", o autor pretende transmitir a ideia de: (1,0)

- a) conclusion
- b) addition
- c) condition
- d) comparison
- e) contrast

3- **Complete** the sentence. (1,0)

"You have lived in NY city for 3 years, _____?"

- a) You have
- b) You haven't
- c) Haven't you
- d) You haven't
- e) Will have

4- **Choose** the correct answer about this word "PARENTS".

- a) parentes
- b) pais
- c) tios
- d) primos

5- **Complete** a frase "They have worked here _____ 2001" com o advérbio adequado.

- a) since
- b) to
- c) for
- d) just
- e) ever

6- (UFSC – Adaptada) **Choose** the grammatically **CORRECT** words to complete the blanks in the following sentence. (1,0)

If you _____ the basics of computers, he _____ a better student.

- a) learn – become
- b) learning – will become
- c) will learning – becomes
- d) learns – will become
- e) will learn – become

7- The correct line with simple present + simple past + past participle **is**:

- a) go / went / went.
- b) run / run / run.
- c) fly / flied / flied.
- d) do / did /done.

e) buy / buied / bought.

8- The difference between present perfect and simple past **is**:

- a) if it is, or not, mentioned when the event happened.
- b) how many people, plural or singular.
- c) the verbs are all irregular in simple past.
- d) the verbs are all irregular in present perfect.
- e) they have no difference.

9- Choose the correct alternative for the following sentences: I - "Tony _____ learning Italian five years ago but he _____ it yet."

II - "Poor Jane! She _____ the dishes since noon."

- a) started – hasn't started – has been washing
- b) has started – didn't learn – washes
- c) started – hasn't learned – has been washing
- d) have started – didn't learn – has washed
- e) had started – hadn't learned – washed