READ DE APLICADO	AVA DISCIPLI PROFES	LIAÇÃO: E) INA: LÍNGUA SOR:		ARES II	DATA:// _ SÉRIE: 8º ANO	Coordenação Brasil Organização das Nações Unidas a Giência e a Cultura
ORIENTAÇÕES IM⇒Leia a atividade avaliativa atental⇒Responda com caneta azul ou pre⇒Não pode haver rasura e uso de co⇒As respostas têm que estar no locque sejam consideradas.		l ou preta não deix Iso de corretivo.	ce nada a lápis.			

- 1) Elaborate sentences with comparative of superiority.
- a) Frank Ted (intelligent)
- b) The Amazonas River The São Francisco River (long)
- c) A Ferrari a Honda Civic. (expensive)
- d) Mila Michael. (short)
- e) Brazil Argentina (big)

2) Temos que repetir a consoante no final de alguns adjetivos ao acrescentarmos o "er ou est"(CVC). Das opções abaixo, qual está **correta**?

- a) bigger wetter prettyyer cooller
- b) biggest colddest darkkest hottest
- c) hotter bigger thinnest wettest
- d) thinnest hottest tallest wettest
- e) bestest hottest coolest deepper

3) <u>Elabore</u> **duas** frases comparando as cidades usando os critérios citados na tabela. <u>Use</u> os adjetivos "**populous, hot**".

	Rio de Janeiro	Buenos Aires
Population	6 million	13 million
Temperature	30 °C – 40 °C	20 °C – 30 °C

4) Os verbos que completam o dialogo abaixo são:

 Anna: Hi, Paul! How are you doing?

 Paul: Good. I`m worried because I failed the Maths test. It ______ a very important test.

 Anna: ______ you ______ to the teacher?

 Paul: Well, I ______ to do it, but he ______ really busy. I will talk to him later.

 Anna: I hope you can get a better score next time.

a) was - did - talked - tried - were

b) were – did – talk – tried – were

c) was – did – talked – try – was

d) was - did - talked - tried - was

e) was – did – talk – tried - was

5) Analyzing the structure of the sentences, circle the correct option.

a) Life in Rio is the more expensive in Espírito Santo.

b) Lebron James is more tall than Michael Jordan.

c) Love is the most important thing in life.

d) Barra da Tijuca is farr than Copacabana.

e) A Lion is more dangeous as a horse.

6) Temos que repetir a consoante no final de alguns adjetivos ao acrescentarmos o "er ou est" (CVC). Das opções abaixo, qual está **correta**?

a) bigger – wetter – prettyyer – cooller

b) biggest – colddest – darkkest – hottest

c) hotter – bigger – thinnest – wettest

d) thinnest – hottest – tallest – wettest

e) bestest – hottest – coolest – deeper

7) Complete the chart with the adjectives suggested.

Adjective	Comparative +	Superlative I
Нарру		
Expensive		

a) happiest than/ the happiest / more expensive than/ the most expensive

b) happier than / the happier / more expensive than /the most expensive

c) happier than / the happiest / more expensive than/ the most expensive

d) happier than / the happiest /expensivest than / the most expensive

e) happier than / the happiest /more expensive than/ the expensivest

8) Leia o texto com atenção e marque a opção que contém os verbos que o completam corretamente.

It's four o'clock. The sun (1) **wasn't / weren't** shining. It (2) **was / were** raining. Elisa and Terri (3) **was / were** waiting for the bus, but they (4) **wasn't / weren't** waiting on the side walk. They (5) **was / were** standing inside the bus shelter because it was raining.

- a) wasn't / was / were / weren't / were
- b) weren't / was / were / weren't / were

c) wasn't / were / were / weren't / were

- d) wasn't / was / was / weren't / were
- e) wasn't / was / were / weren't / was

9) Indique o tempo verbal da frase: *My classmates and I are going to visit the planetarium on Monday.*

a) Present Continuous

b) Simple Present

c) Immediate future

d) Simple Past

e) Simple Future

10) **<u>Complete</u>** with the correct form of the verbs given.

a) Peter ______to my house yesterday. (not come – Simple Past)
b) I'm afraid I ______here for your birthday party. (not be – Simple Future)
c) Please, be quiet. The baby _______. (sleep – Present Continuous)
d) The children _______ in the park yesterday morning. (be – Simple Past)
e) Mom _______to the club every Tuesday. (go – Simple Present)

11) **Match** the columns.

a) He hurt	() themselves in the lake surface.
b) She made	() herself a big hamburger.
c) They saw	() himself during the game.
d) Let's go to the party. Let's enjoy	() myself.
e) I don't know how I cut	() ourselves.

12) Em cada uma das frases abaixo há um único erro já identificado. **Explique** por que cada frase está errada e **reescreva** a frase **corrigindo-a**.

a) Did she <u>called</u> her mother yesterday?

b) Toby and Helen <u>is</u> friends.

c) Erick is <u>play</u> soccer with his friends now.

d) Brian isn't your friend, isn't he?

13) Dê respostas completas afirmativas e negativas.

a) Are they playing soccer?

b) Is she watching TV?

14) Mark the right option according to verb tense.



- a) was preparing was making
- b) were preparing was making
- c) was preparing were making
- d) prepared was making
- e) was preparing made

15) Forme perguntas e respostas.

a) doing / what / he / is / ?	
is / a book / reading / he	

- c) classmates / are / what / your / doing /? ______ volleyball / are / they / playing. _____

16) Forme perguntas com Do/ Does usando os verbos abaixo e dê respostas curtas afirmativas e negativas. (Uma pergunta para cada verbo e duas repostas – uma afirmativa e outra negativa)
a) play - _____?

b) dance	?
c) write	?
d) go	?